

IRISH DRAUGHT SOCIETY OF NORTH AMERICA
REGISTRATION OF PUREBRED IRISH DRAUGHT HORSES

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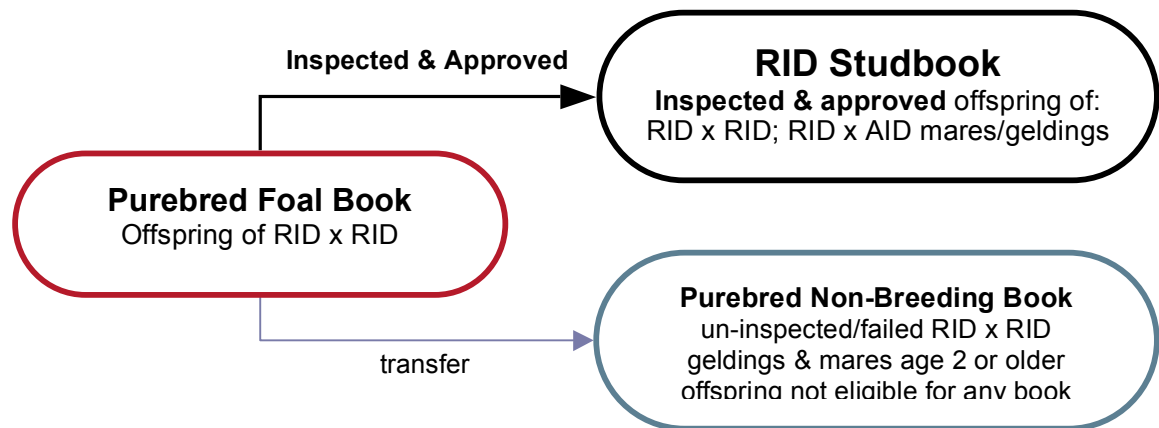
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The objectives of the Irish Draught Horse Society of North America (IDHS(NA)) are to preserve the Registered Irish Draught Horse; to increase the gene pool worldwide; to promote and maintain a high standard of breeding, conformation, quality and soundness; to further educate the public about this rare and endangered breed; to publicize the contributions of the Registered Irish Draught Horse to the breeding of the Irish Draught Sport Horse and to set up registers in respect to the breed and to do all such things as are necessary in furtherance of the above stated objectives.

This document presents the registers (books) maintained by the IDHS(NA) for the Registered Irish Draught Horse (RID) and its pure offspring including the rules and regulations pertinent to these books of record. The Irish Draught Horse Society of North America (IDHS(NA)) is recognized by the IHB and IDHS(Ire) to register Irish Draught horses (pure and part bred) in North America.

1.1. QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE



1.2. Definitions for Registration Policies

These definitions are made up according to the IDHS(NA) Registration Policies. Some variance might be found with horses imported from other countries.

Irish Horse Board (IHB) was founded in 1993. Their stated objectives are to:

- Maintain the Irish Horse Register which incorporates the Irish Sport Horse studbook and the Irish Draught Horse Studbook.
- Operate schemes to improve the quality of the Irish Sport Horse.
- Promote and market the Irish Sport Horse at home and abroad.
- Assist in equestrian training and equestrian tourism.

Irish Draught Horse Society of Ireland (IDHS(Ire)) was formed in 1976. The IDHS was created with the sole intention of preventing the breed from becoming extinct. Their goal continues to be to preserve, promote, protect, and improve the Irish Draught Horse, on Irish shores as well as anywhere it is found throughout the world.

Irish Draught Horse Society of Great Britain (IDHS(GB)) was formed in 1979.

Their stated objectives are to:

- preserve and improve the Irish Draught Horse and to promote and maintain high standards of breeding, conformation, quality and soundness.
- promote the Irish Draught Sport Horse
- maintain and publish registers in respect of the breed, which shall be called "The Irish Draught Horse Society (Great Britain) Stud Book"
- publish and otherwise disseminate information on all matters concerning Irish Draught Horses;
- hold shows of horses and to offer prizes and premiums.

Approved Society¹ is a society including the IHB, IDHS(GB) and other IDHS(Ire) "daughter" societies recognized by the IDHS(Ire) and the IHB as an authorized registrar of RID and/or part-RID horses.

IDHS(Ire) Approved Inspector (Approved Inspector²) is an inspector appointed by IDHS(Ire) from their list of judges recognized for the judging of Foals, Broodmares, and Stallions of the Irish Draught Breed.

IDHS(NA) Inspection³ is an inspection conducted by the IDHS(NA) at a site approved by the IDHS(NA). A minimum of two judges one of whom is an Approved Inspector² will judge. There will be a veterinarian retained on-site by the IDHS(NA). These three officials make up the Inspection Panel. There will be a person appointed by the board as the official IDHS(NA) representative at the inspection.

Equivalent Inspection⁴ is an inspection conducted by the IHB, IDHS(GB) or other Approved Society¹. The inspection must be conducted by at least two inspectors of which one must be an Approved Inspector² using criteria equivalent to those judged in an IDHS(NA) Inspection³.

Reporting Season⁵ of the IDHS(NA) is defined as being from the previous December 1st through November 30th of the current year.

Registered Irish Draught (RID) A horse of any gender that has been inspected and approved by Approved Inspector²(s) of Irish Draught horses. RID stallions must have two RID parents. RID mares and geldings may either have two RID parents or may be by an RID stallion out of an AID (Appendix Irish Draught) mare.

Appendix Irish Draught (AID) A mare that is at least $\frac{3}{4}$ RID* and has been inspected, approved and designated AID by an Approved Inspector²(s) of Irish Draught horses. An AID mare's female or gelding offspring by an RID stallion is eligible for RID inspection. An AID mare cannot produce an RID stallion.

* Note: AID's from IHB or IDHS(Ire) approved daughter societies are not necessarily $\frac{3}{4}$ RID.

Supplementary Irish Draught (SID) A mare that is at least $\frac{1}{2}$ RID* and has been inspected, approved and designated SID by an Approved Inspector²(s) of Irish Draught horses. A SID mare's female offspring by an RID stallion is eligible for AID inspection.

* Note: SID's from IDHS(Ire) approved daughter societies may not be $\frac{1}{2}$ RID.

Irish Draught (ID) A purebred of any gender that is either not old enough to be inspected, is eligible but has not yet been inspected, has failed an inspection or is born from ID or unapproved purebred parents. An ID is not approved for breeding.

Irish Draught Sport Horse (IDSH) A horse of any gender that is at least $\frac{1}{8}$ RID. An IDSH is not approved for breeding.

Registered Irish Draught Sport Horse (RIDSH) A horse of any gender that is a minimum of $\frac{1}{4}$ RID from a registered parent(s), has been inspected and approved by an Approved Inspector²(s) of Irish Draught horses and is recorded in the RIDSH Studbook of IDHS(NA).

Irish Sport Horse (ISH) A horse registered with the Irish Horse Board in Ireland. An ISH does not necessarily have any RID or ID breeding.

Irish TB A horse bred in Ireland with two TB parents. A common misconception in the horse world is that an Irish TB has ID in it.

Irish Warmblood A term, not an actual breed, used to describe a horse of Irish Draught descent without having to use the word 'draught'.

Age of horse The age of a horse for purposes of this registration document and any IDHS(NA) competition shall be computed based on a calendar year starting January 1st of the year foaled.

For example a horse foaled any time during 2000 is considered to be a year old on January 1st of 2001.

Natural twins are defined as any twins conceived from their biological dam's egg(s) and carried to term by their biological dam.

2.0 RID BREED STANDARD

TYPE AND CHARACTER

The Irish Draught Horse is an active, short-shinned, powerful horse with substance and quality. It is proud of bearing, deep of girth and strong of back and quarters. Standing over a lot of ground, it has an exceptionally strong and sound constitution. It has an intelligent and gentle nature and is noted for its docility and common sense.

HEIGHT

Stallions 15.3hh to 16.3hh approx.

Mares 15.1hh to 16.1hh approx.

BONE

Good, strong, clean bone.

HEAD

Good, bold eyes set well apart, wide forehead and long, well-set ears. Head should be generous and pleasant, not coarse or hatchet headed, though a slight roman nose is permissible. The jawbones should have enough room to take the gullet and allow for ease of breathing.

SHOULDERS, NECK AND FRONT

Shoulders should be clean-cut and not loaded, withers well defined, not coarse; the neck set in high and carried proudly, showing a good length of rein.

The chest should not be too broad and beefy. The forearms should be long and muscular, not caught in at the elbows; the knee large and generous, set near the ground, and the cannon bone straight and short, with plenty of flat clean bone, and never back at the knee (calf-kneed) i.e. not sloping forward from knee to fetlock.

The bone must not be round or coarse. The legs should be clean and hard with a little hair permissible at the back of the fetlock, as a necessary protection; the pasterns strong and in proportion, not short and upright nor long and weak. The hoof should be generous and sound, not boxy or contracted and there should be plenty of room at the heel.

BACK, HINDQUARTERS, BODY AND HIND LEGS

The back is to be powerful, the girth very deep. The loins must not be weak but the mares must have enough room to carry a foal. The croup to buttocks is to be long and sloping, not short and rounded or flat-topped; hips not wide and plain. Thighs are strong and powerful and at least as wide from the back view as the hips, with the second thighs long and well-developed. The hocks are near the ground and generous, points not too close together or wide apart but straight; they should not be out behind the horse but should be in line from the back of the quarters to the heel to the ground; they should not be over bent or in any way weak. The cannon bone, etc. as for the foreleg, short and strong.

ACTION

Smooth and free but without exaggeration and not heavy or ponderous. Walk and trot to be straight and true with good flexion of the hocks and freedom of the shoulders.

COLOR

Any strong whole color, including grays. White legs, above the knees or hocks not desirable.

3.0 THE PUREBRED BOOKS

The IDHS(NA) encourages owners of eligible purebred stock, regardless of gender, to present their horses for inspection.

3.1. The Purebred Foal Book

The Purebred Foal Book is a record of pedigree for purebred Irish Draught horses. Stock in this book are not approved for breeding. A horse should be recorded on the Purebred Foal Book as a foal. Older horses not previously recorded and transfers from an Approved Society¹ may be eligible.

1. Methods of Entry onto the Purebred Foal Book.
 - A. Original Recordation of a foal/horse.
A horse is eligible for the Purebred Foal Book of IDHS(NA) if it meets the eligibility requirements of section 4.0 and completes all Application Procedures as stated in section 5.0.
 - B. Transfers from other Registries.
A horse is eligible for transfer into the Purebred Foal Book of IDHS(NA) if it is recorded/registered with foal/progeny papers from an Approved Society¹, meets the eligibility requirements of section 4.0 and completes all Application Procedures as stated in section 5.0.
2. A horse may remain on the Purebred Foal Book until the horse:
 - A. Is inspected and approved for acceptance into the RID Studbook of the IDHS(NA)
 - B. Applies for transfer to the Purebred Non-Breeding Book as a Non-Breeding mare age 2 or older
 - C. Is gelded and applies for transfer to the Purebred Non-Breeding Book. Entire male horses are not permitted in the Purebred Non-Breeding Book.

3.2. The RID Studbook

The RID Studbook is the record for Registered Irish Draught horses who have been inspected, approved and designated RID at an IDHS(NA) Inspection³ or at an Equivalent Inspection⁴. Mares and Stallions are approved breeding animals.

1. The Sections for inspected and approved horses.
 - A. RID (Registered Irish Draught) Stallions that are RID x RID.
 - B. RID (Registered Irish Draught) Mares that are RID x RID or RID x AID*.
 - C. RID (Registered Irish Draught) Geldings that are RID x RID or RID x AID*. They must pass inspection under the same rules as a purebred mare.
* An AID (Appendix Irish Draught) Mare is one that has been inspected, approved and designated AID. See the IDSH Registration document, AID Marebook section 3.4 for full details and eligibility requirements.
2. Methods of Entry.
 - A. Entry by Inspection from the IDHS(NA) Purebred Foal Book or Purebred Non-Breeding Book.
A horse is eligible for entry by inspection into the RID Studbook of the IDHS(NA) if it has been previously recorded on the IDHS(NA) Purebred Foal Book or Purebred Non-Breeding Book and is age 2 years old or older for mares or geldings, age 3 years old or older for stallions. The horse must meet all the eligibility requirements of section 4.0 and have a completed Application for Inspection. The horse must be presented at an IDHS(NA) Inspection³ and be passed by Approved Inspector²(s). Inspection details are in section 6.0.
 - B. Entry by Inspection of an RID x AID offspring.
A mare or gelding is eligible for entry by inspection into the RID Studbook of the IDHS(NA) if it has been previously recorded on the IDHS(NA) Non-Breeding IDSH Book, has an RID sire, an AID dam and is age 2 years old or older. The horse must meet all the eligibility requirements of section 4.0 and have a completed Application for Inspection. The horse must be presented at an IDHS(NA) Inspection³ and be passed as RID by Approved Inspector²(s). Inspection details are in section 6.0.
 - C. Direct entry by transfer from another society.
A horse is eligible for direct entry into the RID Studbook of IDHS(NA) if it is registered with an Approved Society¹, has passed an equivalent inspection⁴ conducted by Approved Inspector²(s), meets the eligibility requirements of section 4.0 and completes

all Application Procedures in section 5.0.

3.3. The Purebred Non-Breeding Book

The Purebred Non-Breeding Book is a record for unapproved purebred geldings and unapproved Non-Breeding purebred mares. Geldings that are already recorded with an Approved Society¹ but have not been inspected may be eligible. Horses in this book are recognized as Irish Draught (ID) but are NOT Registered Irish Draught (RID).

1. Methods of Entry.

A. Original Recordation of geldings

A gelding may elect to be recorded directly in the Purebred Non-Breeding Book of IDHS(NA) if it meets the eligibility requirements of section 4.0 and completes all Application Procedures in section 5.0.

B. Transfers from the Purebred Foal Book.

A gelding of any age or a mare age 2 or older is eligible for transfer into the Purebred Non-Breeding Book if it is already recorded in the Purebred Foal Book of the IDHS(NA) and completes all Application Procedures as stated in section 5.0. A mare on the Purebred Non-Breeding Book is not approved for breeding and if any offspring are produced they would not be eligible for recording with the IDHS(NA) based on that mare's pedigree.

C. Transfers of geldings from other Approved Societies¹.

A gelding of any age is eligible for transfer into the Purebred Non-Breeding Book of the IDHS(NA) if it is recorded/registered with foal/progeny papers or permanent papers from an Approved Society¹, meets the eligibility requirements of section 4.0 and completes all Application Procedures in section 5.0.

4.0 Eligible Stock:

The IDHS(NA) shall accept for recordation any offspring of RID Studbook parent(s) meeting the eligibility requirements set forth below. The requirements for registering a horse as RID may vary among the different approved IDHS societies.

4.1. To maintain consistent standards for horses accepted onto the IDHS(NA) studbooks regardless of the country of origin, the IDHS(NA) will recognize as RID for the purposes of North American eligibility rules, only those horses recorded by an Approved Society¹ that have been inspected and approved as RID by a minimum of one Approved Inspector² at an Equivalent Inspection⁴.

4.2. Horses where both parents are registered as RID in the studbook of the IDHS(NA) or an Approved Society¹. Mares where the sire is registered as RID in the stud book of the IDHS(NA) or an Approved Society¹ and the dam is recorded as AID in a studbook of the IDHS(NA) or an Approved Society¹. Non-RID ancestry is not allowed regardless of the originating society. The only exceptions to this rule are horses with pedigree documentation from their originating society that lists an "unknown" or thoroughbred ancestor.

4.3. Parentage Verification - DNA requirement.

All horses applying for recordation with the IDHS(NA) must undergo DNA testing in accordance with current IDHS(NA) requirements. Results of the DNA must be on file with the Registration Office of the IDHS(NA). All parentage verification results are the property of the IDHS(NA).

1. If a horse's sire/dam is physically resides in North America (NA), that parent must have DNA information available to the IDHS(NA).
2. Horses conceived and foaled outside of NA, or imported to NA in utero, will have their parentage verified by DNA and/or Blood-typing when such information is available from the originating Society. DNA will be required for dams of foals imported in utero.
3. No horse otherwise eligible for recordation by transfer from an Approved Society¹ shall be denied recordation in the absence of parentage verification, provided a reasonable attempt

has been made to supply the missing parent(s) DNA or Blood-typing information and the remaining recordation requirements have been fulfilled.

- 4.4.** Any horse conceived prior to inspection and approval of its sire as RID or its dam as RID or AID by the IDHS(NA) or an Approved Society¹ shall become eligible for recordation in any IDHS(NA) Purebred book only upon the inspection, approval and recordation as RID (or AID) of that parent(s).
- 4.5.** If the sire and/or dam physically resides in the United States, he/she must be registered in the RID Studbook (or AID Marebook) of the IDHS(NA). In the case of a deceased or confirmed stolen mare/stallion that has been imported to North America but was not properly transferred onto an IDHSNA book prior to death/theft; the Registration Office will use the last registration document of the mare/stallion to determine the eligibility of any offspring for possible registration in an IDHSNA book. (amended 10/16/2006)

5.0 Application Procedure for Recordation.

5.1. Documentation Required

The owner must submit or the IDHS(NA) Registration office must already have on file the following documentation for a horse:

1. IDHS(NA) Application for Recordation in the appropriate Book. The name being applied for must meet the following guidelines.
 - A. The name must be unique to all IDHS(NA) record books.
 - B. Registered farm prefixes may only be used by the registered owner of the prefix.
 - C. The Registration Office may refuse any name it deems to be offensive or inappropriate.
 - D. The recorded name of a horse may not be changed once it is recorded with the IDHS(NA) or other Approved Society¹.
2. IDHS(NA) Marking Sheet .
3. IDHS(NA) DNA Kit (Results returned by lab).
4. Photographs. A minimum of 4 color photographs which meet the requirements specified below and which show the:
 - A. entire right hand side
 - B. entire left hand side
 - C. entire front showing the entire face and forelegs
 - D. entire rear showing hind legs (hold tail to one side if necessary to view hocks clearly)
 - E. Requirements for photographs submitted are as follows.
 - a. Acceptable Photograph format includes traditional color prints only. Digital media, emailed graphics/photos, negatives, photocopies, photos printed on paper other than true color photo print stock will not be accepted. Photos to be a minimum of 3" x 5" and a maximum of 5" x 7".
 - b. Photos must be original and not altered in any way.
 - c. Photos must be labeled with:
 - i. Applicant/owner's name
 - ii. horse's name as recorded/requested
 - iii. horse's age at time photo(s) were taken.
 - iv. If the horse is recorded in one of the IDHS(NA) Books, the name of the book and the recordation number should be noted.

- d. Photos taken by a professional with a copyright must be accompanied by a release from the photographer.
5. Covering Certificate or copy of current Registration Papers.
Any horse transferring from another IDHS(NA) Book or an Approved Society¹ that requires proof of parentage must present only a copy of the Registration document(s) from that society. All other horses requesting recordation must submit a covering certificate issued by the sire's owner or agent. Horses imported in utero should have a covering certificate from the sire's owner or agent.
6. Pedigree Information.
The sire and dam's pedigrees must be provided. The pedigree must include Name of Registry and registration number for any horse recorded with a society other than the IDHS(NA). If the sire/dam is owned by the person applying, a copy of the Registration papers is required.
7. Certificate of Castration
The IDHS(NA) Certificate of Castration must be submitted for any gelding applying for original recordation. This certificate and the original recordation papers must be submitted for any male horse that has been castrated after its original recordation papers have been issued. The papers will be corrected and returned.
8. Appropriate recordation fee (Section 10.0 Fees). No application will be processed until fees are paid in full.

5.2. Missing Documentation Procedure

Recordation of a horse whose owner is unable to provide some part of the documentation required by section 4 or section 5 may be allowed on a case by case basis. The decision of the Board of Directors is final. In no instance will the DNA or method of proof of parentage as defined in section 4.3 be waived.

1. The owner must have applied for Recordation in the appropriate book according to the Application Procedure in section 5.1.
2. The DNA/blood-typing submitted must prove the claimed sire/dam. All other recordation material submitted must support the acceptance of the applicant horse.
3. The applicant must submit in writing, a request to the Board of Directors of the IDHS(NA) to accept the horse's Application for Recordation. The request must state the reason for the missing documentation. The decision of the Board of Directors is final and may only be appealed if the applicant is later able to supply further evidence supporting their request for Recordation.
4. The applicant must pay IDHS(NA) the "Missing Documentation Handling Fee" (section 10.0 Fees) which will cover the expenses associated with special processing by the IDHS(NA) Officers.
5. Missing Covering Certificate Procedure.
 - A. This procedure is limited to application of horses aged one year or older. If the exact age of the applying horse is unknown and un-provable, the applicant must also provide a statement of approximate age from a veterinarian.
 - B. The Registration Officer will contact, by certified mail, the owner of the sire at the time of covering. This communication will allow the stallion owner to protest the Recordation of said horse in writing to the IDHS(NA) within 30 days of receipt of the IDHS(NA)'s communication. If a favorable response is received, the IDHS(NA) Board will accept this in lieu of the covering certificate.
 - a. If the stallion owner at the time of covering is deceased or otherwise unreachable by the IDHS(NA), the Board will contact the current owner of the stallion with the same notice.

- b. If the stallion is deceased, exported, the IDHS(NA) has no address of record for him or the owner fails to respond within 30 days; the IDHS(NA) will reach its decision on the information listed under C. below and provided by the applicant.
- C. In a case where there is no response or no contact, the request for exception should include as many of the following supporting documents as possible and any other support that the applicant feels will help the Board make a fair decision on the request for exception.
 - a. Correspondence from the stallion owner regarding the breeding from time period in question which indicates a valid breeding.
 - b. A letter from the stallion owner at the time of covering, stating that they believe the offspring to be the result of a proper covering.
 - c. Veterinarian's letter/paper work attesting to the proper insemination of a single mare with semen from the stallion in question.
 - d. Copy of a signed breeding contract.
 - e. Copy of cleared check/credit charge paying for the stud fee.
- 6. All supporting documentation submitted becomes the property of the IDHS(NA).

6.0 Inspection for the RID Studbook

Inspection is required for all horses seeking entry into the RID Studbook of the IDHS(NA). A horse must be presented at an IDHS(NA) Inspection³, at an approved site with a board appointed representative of the IDHS(NA) present. Private inspections are not allowed.

6.1. Inspection Sites.

The IDHS(NA) will arrange for inspection sites for a North American Inspection Tour, usually annually in the fall. Location of sites is determined by the Registration Office based on the location of horses that have applied and paid for inspection in that tour. Notification of inspection tours and dates relating to participation in an inspection tour will be made via official notice to the membership.

6.2. Inspection procedure.

1. All participants must have their current recordation papers with marking sheet for use by the veterinarian who will confirm that the horse being presented is the horse on the marking sheet. DNA must be on file with the IDHS(NA) registration office for any horse to participate.
2. Once the first horse has been presented at an inspection site, no horse at the same inspection site may be withdrawn for any reason other than one certified by the official inspection veterinarian. Any horse withdrawn for any other reason shall forfeit their inspection fee and must reapply for any subsequent inspection and pay the full fee.
3. The owner/handler will present the horse in a bridle. The horse should be presented with his natural feathering. Each horse will be presented in-hand for a standing conformation assessment and will be assessed in-hand at the walk and trot as directed by the inspectors. The horse may be required to jog on a hard surface as part of the inspection and/or for the vet soundness examination.
4. Stallion Inspection specific requirements:
 - A. Stallions shall be presented for inspection in the calendar year in which they turn 3 years of age or later.
 - B. Owners of stallions should be prepared to show the horse as detailed in item 3 above. Additionally, the stallion may be assessed at liberty and will be required to free jump at a height appropriate for its age, level of training and physical condition.
 - C. A veterinary examination will be conducted during the inspection as detailed in 6.2.6 below.
5. Mare and Gelding Inspections:

- A. Mares/geldings shall be presented for inspection in the calendar year in which they turn 2 years of age or later.
 - B. Mares/geldings shall be examined by a veterinarian for identification of the horse using its marking sheet on file with the IDHS(NA). A veterinary physical examination will also be required.
6. Veterinary Inspections and soundness:
- A. Stallions shall be required to undergo an endoscopic exam to be conducted by a licensed veterinarian within 30 days of the inspection date. This exam shall adhere to the parameters set forth in the IDHS(NA) Certificate of Endoscopic Exam. The certificate should be presented to the IDHS(NA) Registration Office in this time frame.
 - B. In addition, stallions shall undergo veterinary examination on the day of inspection. This will include examination for soundness and freedom from inherited defects.
 - C. Veterinary fees:
The inspection fee shall cover all costs associated with any participating horse's share of travel and veterinary professional fees incurred in the course of the inspection. It shall cover the basic examination as required by the Veterinary Soundness Form. The inspection fee DOES NOT cover the cost of either the endoscopic exam required above, or additional veterinary examinations outside the scope of the inspection exam that may be deemed necessary by the inspection panel to determine the soundness of a horse for entry into the RID Studbook. It is the owner's responsibility to pay any/all fees generated by examinations outside the scope of the basic inspection exam directly to the veterinarian performing such examinations.
 - D. It is the owner's responsibility to prove soundness if any question arises. Disputes/questions regarding veterinary findings shall result in referral to an accredited college of veterinary medicine or board certified equine veterinarian for examination by an equine medicine specialist whose opinion shall be considered final. All costs incurred are the owner's responsibility.
7. Decision of the Inspection Panel.
- A. The Inspection Panel will review the horse and if it meets the standard required for entry into the RID Studbook, the horse will be approved.
 - B. The Inspection Panel may choose to defer rather than pass or fail a horse.
 - C. The Inspection Panel may recommend a horse be entered into the RIDSH Studbook at their discretion based on insufficient bone or type for the RID Studbook.
 - D. A mare or gelding that is not passed by the Inspection Panel will automatically be moved into the Purebred Non-Breeding Book.
 - E. The decision of the Inspection Panel shall be considered final.
8. Right to re-inspection.
- A. The owner of a horse who has failed to be designated RID shall have the right to re-apply for registration in the RID Studbook of the IDHS(NA) in a subsequent inspection tour. This will be treated as a new Application for Inspection in the RID Studbook and the owner must follow all steps in section 5.0 including payment of the full Inspection Fee (section 10.0 Fees).
 - B. The owner of a deferred horse has the right to be re-inspected at the "Deferred Re-inspection Fee" (section 10.0 Fees) in a subsequent inspection tour after at least 6 months have passed since the date of deferral. Should re-inspection of a deferred horse be requested any sooner than 6 months after the date of deferral, it must be done as a new Application for recordation in the Studbook and the owner must follow all steps in section 5.0 including payment of the full Inspection Fee.

6.3. Advisory Inspections.

All horses recorded in the Purebred Foal Book or the Purebred Non-Breeding Book are eligible to apply for an advisory inspection. All advisory inspections are conducted as part of an IDHS(NA) inspection tour.

1. The owner must submit the IDHS(NA) "Application for Advisory Inspection" form along with the Advisory Inspection Fee (section 10.0 Fees).
2. If it is not practical to present the horse in person, a video may be submitted. The video must show:
 - A. Standing conformation shots from each side, the front and rear. Horse should be standing on firm level ground where feet are visible.
 - B. Walking in a straight line away and toward the camera, at least two round trip passes.
 - C. Trotting in a straight line away and toward the camera, at least two round trip passes.
 - D. Lounging work or work at liberty showing the horse's gaits and carriage.
3. Advisory inspections are recommended for colts.
4. A favorable advisory inspection is not a guarantee of future acceptance into any IDHS(NA) Studbook.

7.0 Stallion Reporting Requirements

The IDHS(NA) has adopted a requirement that all foals born in North America must have a covering certificate to be eligible for recordation. This rule is intended to protect the stallion owner from unauthorized use of the stallion's semen.

Beginning December 1st, 2004, the IDHS(NA) defines their reporting period⁵ as being from December 1st of the previous year through November 30th of the current year.

Beginning with the reporting period that commences on December 1st, 2004, all stallions recorded with the IDHS(NA) must complete the IDHS(NA) "Stallion Breeding Report" listing all coverings through the next November 30th. The completed report must be turned in to the Registration Office postmarked by December 15th of the same year.

Copies of covering certificates are required before foals may be recorded. The covering certificate forms are available from the IDHS(NA) Registration Office at no charge to the stallion owner.

If a stallion owner fails to comply with the above reporting requirements, the IDHS(NA) reserves the right to waive their right to protection by IDHS(NA) registration rules and to suspend society privileges.

8.0 Reproduction Methods Policies

8.1. Natural Cover

A single foal or twins conceived using natural cover and carried to term by the biological dam will be eligible for recordation with the IDHS(NA).

8.2. Artificial Insemination, Transported Cooled/Frozen Semen

A foal or natural twins conceived using artificial insemination with fresh, chilled or frozen semen and carried by the biological dam will be eligible for recordation with the IDHS(NA).

8.3. In-vitro Fertilization

A foal or natural twins conceived using in-vitro fertilization techniques and carried by the biological dam will be eligible for recordation with the IDHS(NA). Should in-vitro fertilization techniques result in any embryo(s) that will be placed in a surrogate dam, any foal(s) produced will be eligible for recordation ONLY if they meet the criteria specified in section 8.4.

8.4. Embryo/Oocyte Transfer

Foals produced using embryo/oocyte transfer (ET/OT) to a surrogate dam will be eligible for recordation only when all IDHS(NA) registration requirements have been met. DNA is the only acceptable proof of parentage for an ET/OT foal. The IDHS(NA) must have DNA on file for both the biological sire and the biological dam of any ET/OT foal. Each foal produced by ET/OT must have a covering certificate.

8.5. Cloning

Cloning is not allowed as a reproductive method by the IDHS(NA).

9.0 ISSUANCE OF RECORDATION DOCUMENTATION**9.1. Issuance of Documentation**

The Registration Office of the IDHS(NA) will issue all documentation for horses recorded on its books. Such certificates or documentation will always include the name of the IDHS(NA), the name of the specific book where the horse has been recorded, the unique name of the horse, the unique registration number for the horse and the current official seal of the IDHS(NA). Other information may be included.

9.2. Documentation Supplied to the IDHS(NA).

Documentation supplied to the IDHS(NA) as a requirement for application for recordation in any of the books of the IDHS(NA) becomes the property of the IDHS(NA) and will not be returned. A release from the photographer must accompany copyrighted photographs. Public release of these documents will not occur without consent of owner of the horse.

9.3. Document Appearance and Proof of Authenticity

All documents of recordation must have the IDHS(NA) official seal. This seal is embossed and must be present for the documents to be valid. The IDHS(NA) reserves the right to adopt other methods of guaranteeing the authenticity of the documents it issues.

From time to time the Registration Office of the IDHS(NA) may make changes to the appearance or substance of its issued documentation. Any such changes are not retroactive to previously recorded horses and will not invalidate any existing documents of registration/recordation.

9.4. Revocation of Recordation.

If the IDHS(NA) finds any information provided to support the issuance of a registration certificate/document to a horse is fraudulent or erroneous, the Society reserves the right to immediately void and revoke the registration granted to that horse. There will be no refund of any fees paid to the society.

9.5. Transfer of Ownership

Transfer of ownership of a horse recorded in any book of the IDHS(NA) shall be recorded by the IDHS(NA) Registration Office.

1. The seller of record at the time of sale is responsible for completing a transfer in its entirety and for delivery of the recordation document, all transfer information and the fee to the IDHS(NA) immediately after a sale to insure prompt service, reduce the possibility of losing either certificate or transfer information and to lessen the chance of complications which might make it impossible to ever record the transfer.
2. To record a transfer the seller must provide to the Registration Office:
 - A. The correct name and registration number of the horse and the original recordation document.
 - B. The date of sale, the name and address of the buyer and the address and signature (section 9.5.3) of the seller.

- C. The transfer fee (section 10.0). It shall be a matter of private negotiation between the buyer and seller as to who pays the transfer fee, but the fee must accompany the transfer request and is based on the membership status of the BUYER.
3. The IDHS(NA) will recognize the signature of any one of the joint owners of the horse on a transfer if such owner is named on the horses' current recordation document, except for a transfer by one joint owner to him/herself, which transfer shall require the signature of all joint owners. The IDHS(NA) will recognize the signature of any partner when a partnership is a record owner. If the acceptance of a single signature is NOT to be allowed, the IDHS(NA) Registration Office must have on file a written agreement to that effect specifying the horse(s) registration number and name.
4. If a request for transfer is delivered to the IDHS(NA) without sufficient information, the recordation document will be retained by the IDHS(NA) Registration Office until the transfer can be completed and recorded.

9.6. Issue of Replacement Documentation

Should any horse recorded with the IDHS(NA) lose or damage its original papers issued for any IDHS(NA) Book past or present, replacement documentation will be available after meeting the criteria set below. Any re-issued document will be marked as such. The applicant must submit the following:

1. A new DNA sample to prove the identity of the horse in question will be required from any requestor who is not the owner of record on the IDHS(NA) books.
2. Any portion of the original papers that may still be available.
3. A notarized statement of what happened to the original papers and attesting to ownership of the horse.
4. Proof of ownership of the horse in question by one of the following:
 - A. by being the owner of record at the IDHS(NA).
 - B. copy of the bill of sale showing the applicant as owner or a copy of the brand inspection from states where that is the bill of sale.
5. Current photographs of the horse in accordance with requirements for recordation in the applicable book.
6. The Replacement Documentation Fee (section 10.0 Fees).

9.7. Corrections to Documents of Recordation

In the event that corrections to the documentation of any horse are required, corrected documentation may be obtained from the Registration Office by using the following procedure. The applicant must submit:

1. The original papers issued by the IDHS(NA).
2. A written statement of correction(s) needed.
3. Proof of ownership of the horse in question by one of the following:
 - A. Being the last owner of record at the IDHS(NA).
 - B. Providing a copy of the bill of sale showing the applicant as owner or a copy of the brand inspection from states where that is the bill of sale.
4. If the change involves any aspect of the horse's markings or appearance, or the photographs on file with the Registration Office are significantly out-of-date or deemed unusable; current photographs of the horse in accordance with requirements for recordation in the applicable book will be required.

5. The Replacement Documentation Fee (section 10.0 Fees). This fee will be waived for changes required as a result of clerical errors made by the Registration Office when producing the original documentation provided such correction is requested in writing within 3 months of the date of issue of such documents by the Registration Office.

10.0 Fee Schedule

All fees must be paid in US funds.

Age of horse The age of a horse for purposes of this registration document and any IDHS(NA) competition shall be computed based on a calendar year starting January 1st of the year foaled. For example a horse foaled any time during 2000 is considered to be a year old on January 1st of 2001.

Purebred Foal Book Recordation Fees	Members	Non-members
Application of gelding any age	85	120
Application before turning 1 on Jan 1 st *	85	120
Application age one and older	160	205
Direct entry of a qualified horse by transfer from an Approved Society ¹	25	60
Studbook/Inspection Fees		
Entry by inspection from foal or Non-Breeding book:		
Geldings	75	100
Mares	225	250
Stallions	450	475
Entry by inspection of RID x AID from the IDSH Non-Breeding book:		
Geldings	75	100
Mares	225	250
Entry by upgrade inspection of RID x AID from IDHS AID marebook	125	150
Direct entry of a qualified horse by transfer from an Approved Society ¹	25	60
Re-inspection fee for a Deferred horse ²	100	125
Late Fee on any inspection application received after the published deadline	75	75
Youngstock advisory inspection	50	75
Non-Breeding Book Registration Fees		
Application of gelding any age	85	120
Transfer from foal book	25	25
Transfer of gelding from an Approved Society ²	25	60
Miscellaneous Fees		
DNA Fee	50	50
Blood typing Fee	50	50
Transfer of Ownership	10	10
Missing documentation processing fee	50	50
Replacement document fee	25	25
Upgrade to new style registration papers	25	25
Registered prefix fee³	250	NA

NB: The fees in this schedule are subject to change as deemed necessary by the IDHS(NA) Board of Directors.

¹ Per section 1.2 of the IDHS(NA) document "Registration of Purebred Irish Draught Horses", an "Approved Society" is a society including the IHB, IDHS(GB) and other IDHS(Ire) "daughter" societies recognized by the IDHS(Ire) and the IHB as an authorized registrar of RID and/or part-RID horses

² The Deferred Horse Inspection Fee does not include veterinary examinations outside the scope of the inspection exam. See the IDHS(NA) document "Registration of Purebred Irish Draught Horses" Section 6.2.6.

³ Only IDHS(NA) members may register a farm prefix